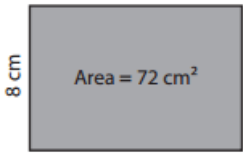
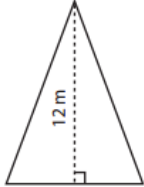
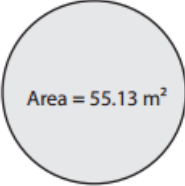
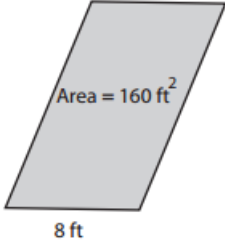
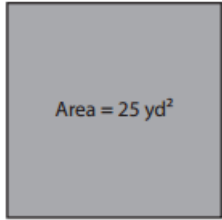
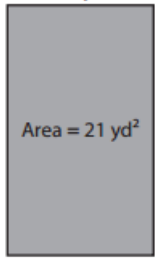
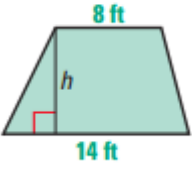
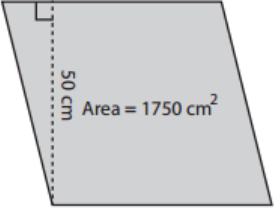
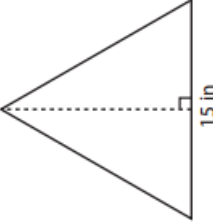


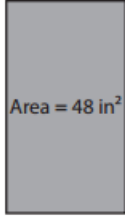

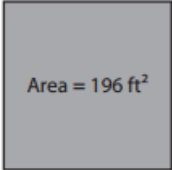
Algebra 8: Geometry Unit Day 3

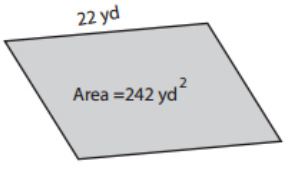
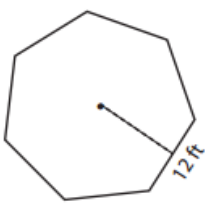
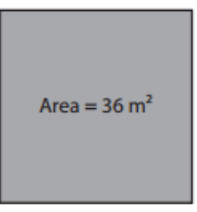
Working Backwards with Area Formulas: Area formulas can be used to calculate area, but they can also be used to find other variables in the formulas. Use the given areas and your equation solving skills to calculate the missing values. Round to the nearest hundredth if necessary.

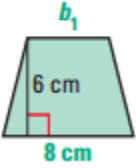
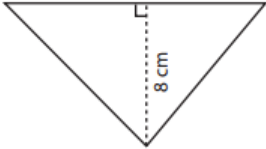
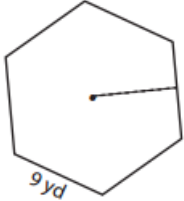
Shape Name	Figure/Formula	Calculations	Value of Variable
Rectangle <i>Find the base.</i>	 <p>8 cm Area = 72 cm²</p>		
	Formula		
Triangle <i>Find the base.</i>	 <p>12 m Area = 48 m</p>		
	Formula		
Circle <i>Find the radius.</i>	 <p>Area = 55.13 m²</p>		
	Formula		

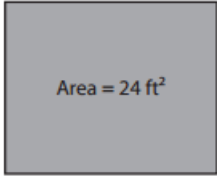
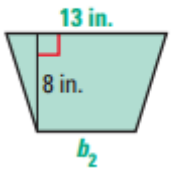
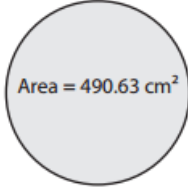
Parallelogram <i>Find the height.</i>	 <p>Area = 160 ft^2</p> <p>8 ft</p>		
Square <i>Find the side.</i>	 <p>Area = 25 yd^2</p>		
Rectangle <i>Find the height.</i>	 <p>3 yd</p> <p>Area = 21 yd^2</p>		
	Formula		

<p>Trapezoid</p> <p><i>Find the height.</i></p>	<p>$A = 77 \text{ ft}^2$</p> 		
	<p>Formula</p>		
<p>Parallelogram</p> <p><i>Find the base.</i></p>			
	<p>Formula</p>		
<p>Triangle</p> <p><i>Find the height..</i></p>			
	<p>Formula</p>		

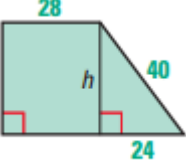
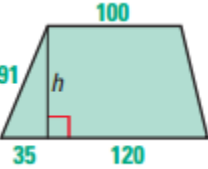
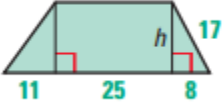
<p>Rectangle</p> <p><i>Find the base.</i></p>	 <p>12 in Area = 48 in²</p>		
<p>Circle</p> <p><i>Find the radius.</i></p>	 <p>Area = 219.45 in²</p>		
<p>Square</p> <p><i>Find the side.</i></p>	 <p>Area = 196 ft²</p>		

<p>Parallelogram</p> <p><i>Find the height.</i></p>	 <p>22 yd</p> <p>Area = 242 yd^2</p>		
<p>Regular Polygon</p> <p><i>Find the apothem.</i></p>	 <p>12 ft</p> <p>Area = 523.32 ft^2</p>		
<p>Square</p> <p><i>Find the side.</i></p>	 <p>Area = 36 m^2</p>		
	<p>Formula</p>		

<p>Trapezoid</p> <p><i>Find the base.</i></p>	<p>$A = 39 \text{ cm}^2$</p> 		
<p>Triangle</p> <p><i>Find the base.</i></p>	 <p>Area = 52 cm</p>		
<p>Regular Polygon</p> <p><i>Find the apothem.</i></p>	 <p>Area = 210.33 yd²</p>		

<p>Rectangle</p> <p><i>Find the base.</i></p>			
<p>Trapezoid</p> <p><i>Find the base.</i></p>	<p>$A = 84 \text{ in.}^2$</p> 		
<p>Circle</p> <p><i>Find the radius.</i></p>			
	<p>Formula</p>		

Pythagorean Theorem and Area: When you do not have all of the information you need to calculate the area of a figure, the Pythagorean Theorem can be a useful tool. Use the Pythagorean Theorem to help you find the areas of the trapezoids.

Figure/Formula	Find the Height	Calculations	Area
			
<p style="text-align: center;">Formula</p>			
			
<p style="text-align: center;">Formula</p>			
			
<p style="text-align: center;">Formula</p>			

Name _____

Period _____